Effect of pre-graze mowing at different pre-graze masses on cow and pasture performance

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Introduction

Materials and Methods

 Conducted at Lincoln University Research Dairy Farm, Canterbury, NZ for 120 days during spring and summer (Oct - Feb).



- Some farmers target higher than recommended pre-graze pasture masses (to maximise pasture growth) with a belief that mowing before grazing is required to harvest this extra pasture.
- Objectives of this study were to investigate the effect of mowing before grazing at recommended and high pre-graze pasture mass.

Measurements

- Daily milk yield and weekly milk composition
- Fortnightly body condition score
- One week of behaviour measurements
- Weekly farm walks and post-grazing mass
- Weekly pasture nutrient and botanical composition

- 144 multiparous cows were randomised into 8 farmlets, that were allocated to 1 of 4 treatments in a replicated 2 x 2 factorial study.
- Treatments were two pre-graze pasture masses: 2,800 kg DM/ha, above ground level (MOD), vs. 3,400 kg DM/ha (HIGH), and two harvesting methods: grazing standing pasture (GRAZE), vs. mowing before grazing (MOW).



Variable		Treatment				<i>P</i> -value ¹	
	HIGH- GRAZE	HIGH- MOW	MOD- GRAZE	MOD- MOW	SED	Mass	Harvest
Fat yield (kg d ⁻¹)	0.99	1.00	1.04	1.07	0.02	**	ns

Results

- Cows in MOD produced 6% more milksolids (fat+protein) than in HIGH
- Cows in MOD spent less time grazing than in HIGH
- No effect of harvesting (MOW vs. GRAZE) on cow performance
- MOW reduced pasture density and pasture harvested
- MOW reduce silage made and increased silage fed

Conclusions

Cows offered a MOD pre-graze pasture mass

Protein yield (kg d ⁻¹)	0.76	0.77	0.84	0.83	0.02	*	ns
Estimated total DMI (kg d ⁻¹)	15.8	15.7	15.8	15.3	0.6	ns	ns
BCS change (1 – 10 scale)	-0.14	0.12	-0.13	-0.18	0.08	ns	ns
Rotation length (d)	29	28	21	21	0.3	* *	ns
Pre-graze mass (kg DM ha ⁻¹)	3446	3156	2890	2705	49	* *	*
Post-graze mass (kg DM ha ⁻¹)	1820	1499	1790	1615	18	* *	* *
Post-mow mass (kg DM ha ⁻¹)		190		143	86.5		ns
Silage fed (t DM ha ⁻¹)	0.07	0.49	0.09	0.48	0.03	ns	* *

produced more milksolids than those offered a HIGH pre-graze pasture mass and this was not affected by mowing before grazing. Continuous mowing of pastures reduced pasture performance and increased the requirement for imported feed.

Silage harvested (t DM ha⁻¹) 0.55 0.07 0.39 0.00 0.04 ns **

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