BIOSECURITY COMMUNICATION PLAN FOR GRAZIERS



WHO TO TALK TO	WHAT TO DISCUSS	WHEN TO TALK	WHY
FARM TEAM	 Create overall plan with staff so all on the same page Develop new SOPs with staff Discuss "What ifs" and contingency plans 	Before grazing begins – at least 2 weeks before arrival of grazing animals to allow for ideas to be implemented	Common goals including healthy well fed stock, less stress, preparedness for Mycoplasma bovis incursion
NEIGHBOURS	 Maintenance of all boundary fences Plan for escaped cattle, where to put them Use of shared yards - expectations 	ASAP - NOW	Common goals including less stress, avoidance of misunderstanding, preparedness for M bovis incursion
HERD OWNERS And Agents	 Strongly recommend a meeting with all herd owners, the grazier, possibly vet/biosecurity expert and mediator if necessary Arrival/departure, NAIT compliance, cow health planning (no arrivals of sick/skinny/lame; plan for new health issues) Transport – full loads, improved hygiene may need to be driven by herd owner demand Plan to do as much as possible at home to avoid use of shared yards (eg. tagging, vaccinating, drenching) 	ASAP - NOW	Common goals – organised plan that works for everyone as much as possible, cow welfare considered, contingency plans for problems that may arise
TRANSPORT OPERATORS	 Planning of arrival/departure Expectations around hygiene, biosecurity Multiple herds, backloads, multiple trucks Demand for improvements may be driven by herd owners because they are paying the bill 	ASAP	Consumer drive
VETS	 Check biosecurity plan and provide expertise Provide guidance on animal health questions and queries Establish a good relationship now 	ASAP	Expertise to assist with planning and make the job easier and results in a more effective plan
OTHER Contractors	 Expectations around biosecurity Planning and consideration of yard use, use of vehicles, etc 	One month prior to their presence on farm	Maintain biosecurity